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INOVYN is part of INEOS Group



INEOS Group overview

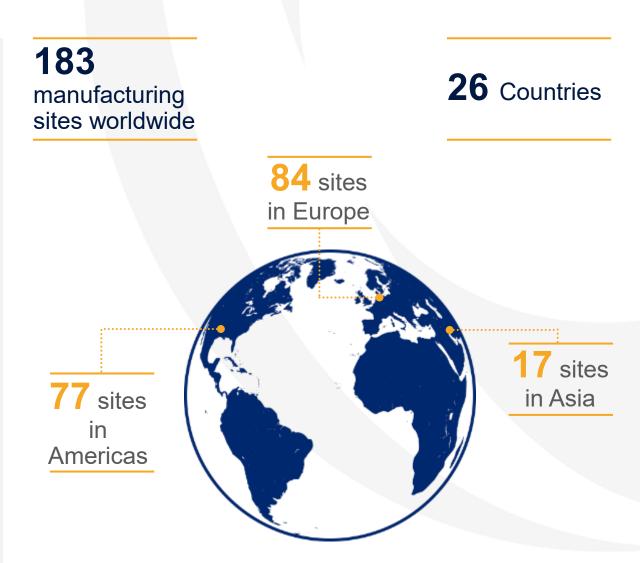
\$61 bn Turnover

23,000 employees

35 Businesses

60 million tons of chemicals capacity
20 million tons of refinery products (420,000 bbls/day)

26 million boe per annum



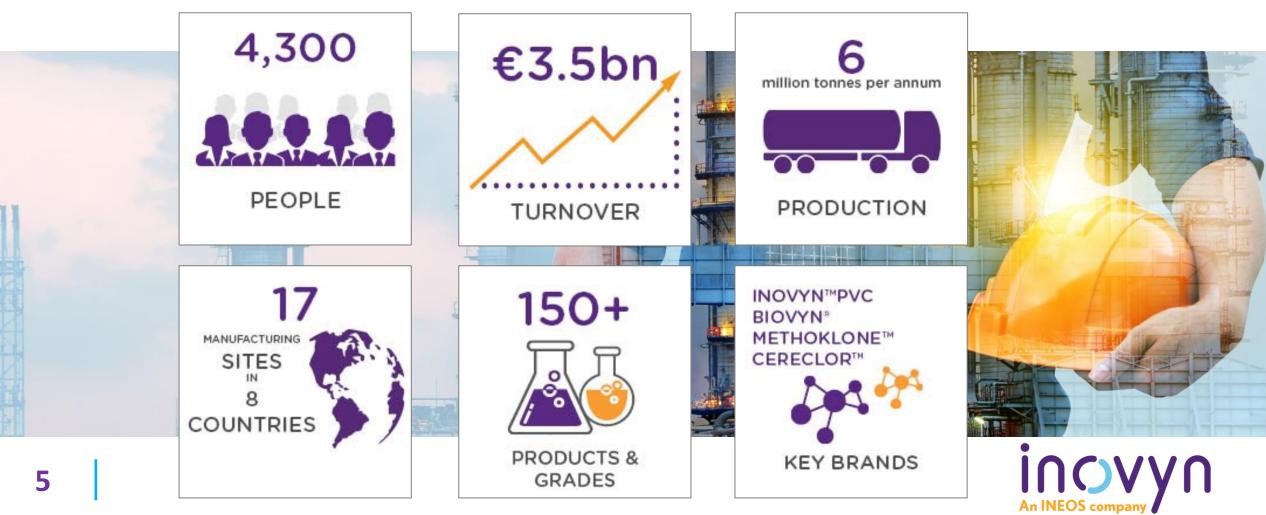




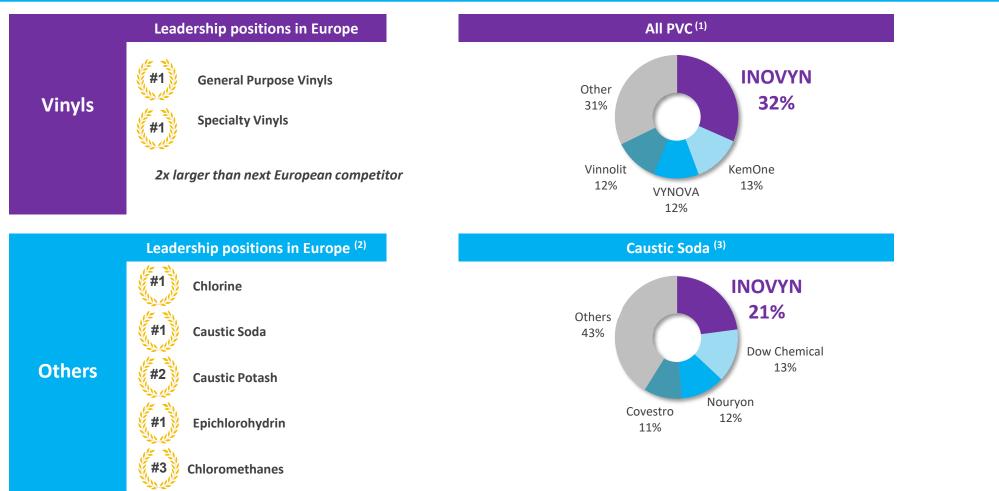


INOVYN - key dimensions

Profile



INOVYN is the European leader



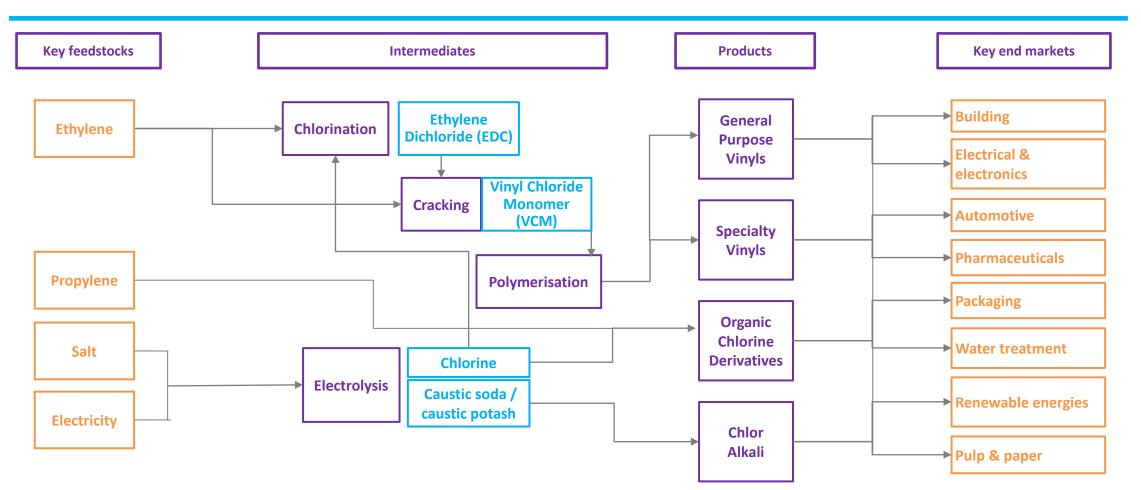
Source: IHS, company information

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- 1. Capacity market share for EEA (2017), excluding Oltchim
- . Based on management estimates for merchant market share
- 3. Merchant market share for caustic soda liquor (EEA 2016)

incyyn An INEOS company

The INOVYN value chain





Production > 40 million tonnes per annum

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The importance of electricity for INOVYN



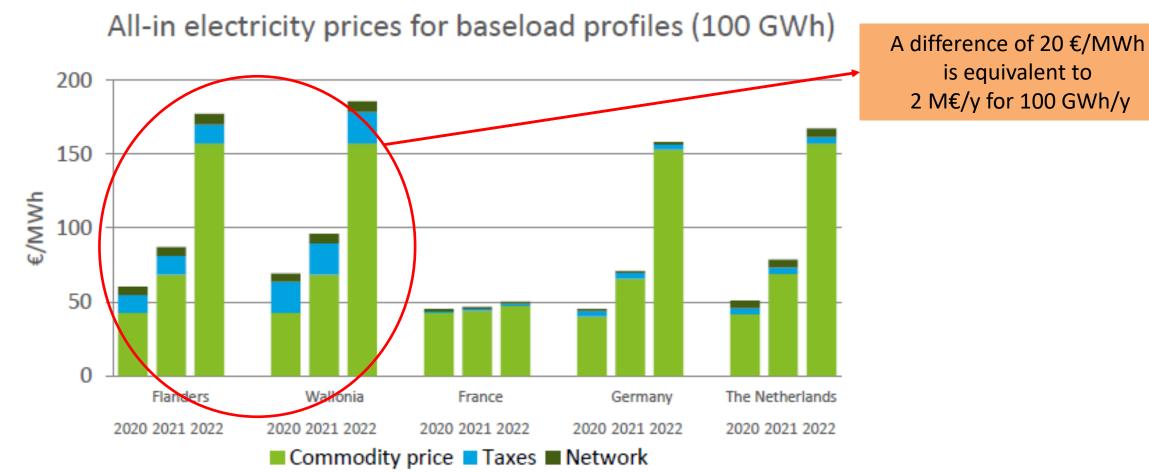


The importance of electricity for INOVYN

- > INOVYN electricity consumption (typical GWh/y) :
 - Europe : 6250
 - Belgium : 2050 Lillo (Li) : ~1200 GWh/y, Jemeppe (Je) : ~850 GWh/y (~50 GWh/y net)
 - France : 1200
 - Germany : 500
- > European investments/projects since INOVYN creation in 2016 :
 - 2016 : Jemeppe (BE) : acquisition of the local cogeneration unit
 - 2017 : Antwerp (BE) : capacity conversion of electrolysis from NaOH to KOH
 - 2018 : Tavaux (FR) and Rheinberg (DE) : capacity expansion of electrolysis
 - 2019 : Jemeppe (BE) : capacity conversion from PVC commodities to PVC specialties Stenungsund (SE) : capacity conversion of electrolysis
 - 2020 : Rafnes (NO) : capacity expansion of the electrolysis and vinyls chain Jemeppe (BE) : capacity expansion of the vinyls chain
 - > 2021 : Stenungsund (SE) : capacity expansion of PVC production
 - 2023 : Rafnes (NO) : capacity expansion of the electrolysis
 Rheinberg (DE) : capacity expansion of the VCM production
 - 2024 : Antwerp (BE) : capacity expansion of EDC production
 - 2025 : Jemeppe (BE) : marginal capacity expansion of the electrolysis, but project questioned due to electricity cost Rafnes (NO) : capacity expansion of the VCM production

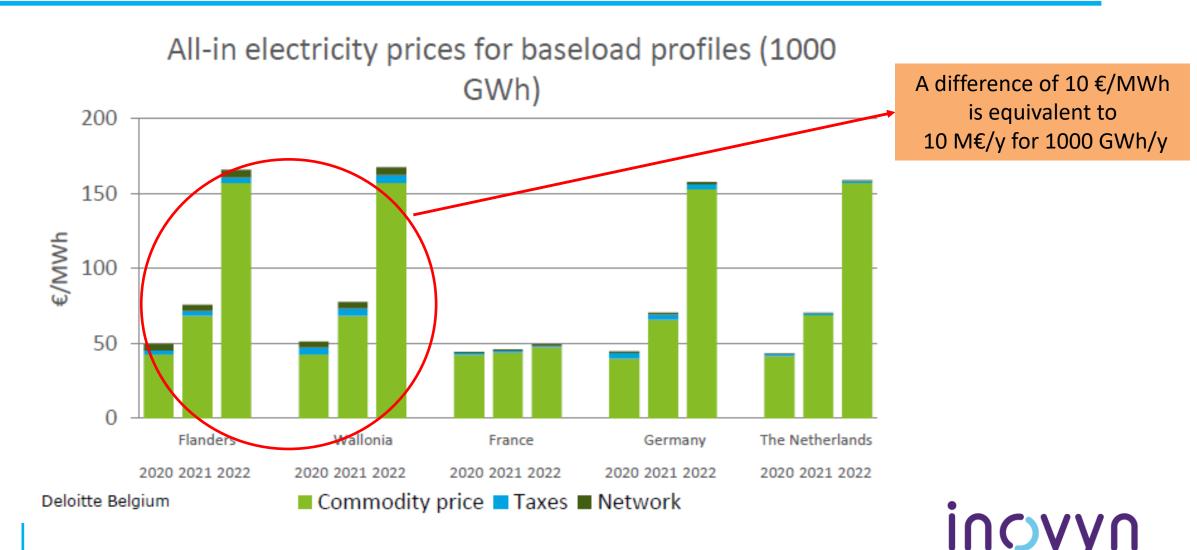


Deloitte 2022 study for JEMEPPE : confirmation of 2020/2021





Deloitte 2022 study for LILLO : confirmation of 2020/2021



Belgium Electricity Competitiveness in 2022

- Additional short/medium terms risks vs EU/WW competition :
 - Capacity Remuneration Mechanism financing (Federal)
 - Indirect CO2 emissions compensation (EU) :
 - Limitation of eligible activities for compensation
 - Reduction of compensation emission factor (EF) vs other EU countries
 - Direct CO2 emission : impact of current CO2 price increase
 - Security of Supply in case of delay of 2 GW nuclear extension



Belgium Electricity Competitiveness in 2022

•	Short/medium terms risks (M€/y) :	Lillo	Jemeppe	
		(1200 GWh/y)	(50 GWh/y)	
	 CRM financing (diverging estimations) 			
	 Haulogy study (250 M€/y) 	+4.3	+0.2	
	 PwC study (614 M€/y) 	+10.6	+0.5	
	 Indirect CO2 emission compensation (CO2 @ 80 €/t) 			
	 (a) : reduction of eligible activities 	+0.6	+4.8	
	 (b) : (a) & EF reduction (0.76 -> 0.37 t CO2/MWh) (FR : 0.51, DE : 0.75, NL : 0.50,) (*) in case of max compensation in Wallonia vs EU ru 	+23.8 les	+14.3 (*)	

- Direct CO2 emission cost increase (CO2 @ 80 €/t today vs 40 €/t last year)
 - Emission not covered by free allocations

+2.5



Belgium Electricity Competitiveness in 2022

• Conclusion :

- Deloitte 2022 study : 2020/2021 conclusion mainly confirmed
 - Handicap of 2~10 M€/y for Inovyn sites in BE vs neighboring countries (FR, NL, DE, ...)

- From 2022 : additional major risks for Belgium electricity competitiveness

- Up to +~25 M€/y vs 2020 for 50 GWh/y baseload consumption with local CHP
- Up to +~35 M€/y vs 2020 for 1200 GWh/y baseload consumption

→ Urgent need to restore Belgium competitiveness of electricity price for industrial consumers !

